Class 6th History ch-11

Que1)Describe about the iron pillar situated at Mehrauli.
Ans-The iron pillar is in Mehrauli, Delhi is a remarkable example of the skill of Indian crafts persons. It is made of iron, 7.2. m high, and weighs over 3 tonnes. It was made about 1500 years ago. The pillar has not rusted in all these years.

Que2)What did the small box placed at the centre of the stupa contain? Ans-This may contain bodily remains such as teeth, bones or ashes of the Buddha or his followers, or things they used, as well as precious stones and coins.

Que3)What is pradakshina patha?
Ans-A path was laid around the stupa known as the pradakshina patha.
This was surrounded with railings.
Entrance of the path was through gateways.

17:35

Que4)Why is Ajanta famous? Ans-Ajanta is famous because there are several caves which were hollowed out of the hills. Most of these were monasteries for Buddhist monks. Some of them were decorated with paintings. 17:36 // Que5) What are the main features of Ajanta paintings?

Ans- Ajanta caves are dark inside and therefore, probably the work of making the paintings was done in the light of torches.

The colours were made of plants and minerals.

The colours are still glowing even after 1500 years.

Que6)Write a short note on Meghaduta composed by Kalidasa. Ans-Kalidasa's Meghaduta is one the best poems that was written in Sanskrit. Kalidasa composed it during Gupta regime.

He stated a description of monsoon in the poem, where clouds, breeze, fragrance in the air have been described.

Que)Match the following:-

- 1)Stupa Mound.
- Shikhara -Tower.
- 3)Mandapa Place in temples where people could assemble.
- Garbhagriha Place where the image of the deity is installed.
 Pradakshina patha- Circular path around the stupa.

Que) Fill in the blanks:

- 1)..... was a great astronomer.
- Ans-Aryabhatta
 2)Stories about gods and goddesses
- are found in the
- Ans-Puranas
- 3)...... is recognized as the author of the Sanskrit Ramayana.
- Ans-Valmiki
- 4)..... and are two Tamil epics.
- Ans-Silappadikaram, Manimekalai.